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ADDITIONS TO THE ICPS ACHIEVEMENT AWARDS WEBPAGE

The ICPS Achievement Awards webpage, <https://www.carnivorousplants.org/about/Awards>, is more than a list of awards given by the ICPS to individuals for contributions related to carnivorous plants. Yes, there are links to pages or PDFs for ICPS Lifetime Achievement Awards and remembrances published in CPN. But thanks to Richard Nunn, there is a new section with short biographies of historic figures who made contributions to the study and taxonomy of carnivorous plants.

The “Key historical figures in the study of carnivorous plants” section is a dangerous rabbit hole, or wombat hole in Australia, if you only have a few minutes. If you wonder who *Drosera hookeri* is named after, you will find the father and son: William Jackson Hooker and Joseph Dalton Hooker. In this case we want the son and Charles Darwin’s bud Joseph Dalton Hooker. But of course, you must read about the father as well. On J. D. Hooker’s page, you will notice he named *Nepenthes northiana* and *N. lowii*. The next stop is Marianne North. Of course, you want to read more about her and see more of her paintings on Wikipedia. The page on Hugh Low is a must as well. Then on the main page you notice Augustin François César Prouvençal de Saint-Hilaire. That sounds familiar. In researching South American *Drosera* you found he named *Drosera graminifolia* St.Hil., *Drosera communis* St.Hil., and *Drosera hirtella* St.Hil., among others. On the webpage you find out “He was able to gather 24,000 specimens of plants (comprising 6000 species), as well as 2000 birds, 16,000 insects and 135 mammals, plus many reptiles, molluscs and fish” in Brazil. I doubt very much he did all that himself.

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